

## SAMPLE PAPER 4: PAPER 2

---

### QUESTION 8 (25 MARKS)

#### Question 8 (a)

$$P(4) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(\text{Not } 4) = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 1 - \left\{ {}^{20}C_0 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^0 \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{20} + {}^{20}C_1 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^1 \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{19} + {}^{20}C_2 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^2 \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{18} + {}^{20}C_3 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^3 \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{17} + {}^{20}C_4 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^4 \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{16} + {}^{20}C_5 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^5 \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{15} \right\} \\ &= 1 - 0.898 \\ &= 0.102 \\ &= 10.2\% \end{aligned}$$

#### Question 8 (b)

A probability of 10.2% means that a fair die will give six or more 4s 10.2% of the time in 20 throws of a die. So there is nothing unusual about the die used in the casino. If the probability of at least six 4s when a fair die was tossed 20 times was less than 5% then this probability is so small that it hasn't happened by chance and so the die is biased.

---